SCS Agency Franchise Tax Board

SUMMARY ANALYSIS OF AMENDED BILL

Author: Costa	Analyst:Jeani Brent	Bill Number: SB 2079
Related Bills: See Prior Analysis	Telephone:845-3410	Amended Date: 04/27/98
	Attorney: Doug Bramhall	Trade & Sponsor: Commerce Agcy
SUBJECT: Economic Development Areas/Apportionment Formula/Qualified Property/Allow Enterprise Zone Extension to 20 Years and 20% Expansion		
DEPARTMENT AMENDMENTS ACCEPTED. Amendments reflect suggestions of previous analysis of bill as introduced February 20, 1998.		
AMENDMENTS IMPACT REVENUE. A new revenue estimate is provided. AMENDMENTS DID NOT RESOLVE THE DEPARTMENT'S CONCERNS stated in the previous analysis of bill as introduced_February 20, 1998.		
X FURTHER AMENDMENTS NECESSARY.		
DEPARTMENT POSITION CHANGED TO		
X REMAINDER OF PREVIOUS ANALYSIS OF BILL AS INTRODUCED/AMENDED STILL APPLIES.		
X OTHER - See comments below.		
SUMMARY OF BILL		
Under the Government Code, this bill would (1) extend the designation period of each enterprise zone that was designated before 1990 from 15 to 20 years if certain criteria are met; (2) allow for geographic expansion of 20% (rather than 15%) of any enterprise zone that is no greater than 13 square miles; (3) allow a local jurisdiction to request that its enterprise zone designation be revoked if it is unable to meet the goals set forth in its original application. One year after revocation, the Trade and Commerce Agency (TCA) could designate a new enterprise zone from the communities that applied for designation as a targeted tax area. Under the Revenue and Taxation Code, this bill would make the following changes: 1. Modify the apportionment formula for all economic development area tax incentives to be based on California sourced income instead of worldwide income. 2. Remove "sales" as a factor in the enterprise zone apportionment formula. 3. Change the criteria in the targeted tax area hiring credit definition of "qualified employee" to include an individual who is a member of a targeted group under the federal work opportunity credit instead of the expired federal Targeted Jobs Tax Credit Program.		
DEPARTMENTS THAT MAY BE AFFECTED:		
STATE MANDATE GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENT		
Board Position: S O SA OUA N NA NAR NAR PENDING Date	Agency Secretary Position: O SA OUA NA NP NA NAR DEFER TO Agency Secretary Date	Position Approved Position Disapproved Position Noted By: Date:
Johnnie Lou Rosas 5/20/98	ragency occidity Date	Date.

Senate Bill 2079 (Costa) Amended April 27, 1998 Page 2

- 4. Expand the definition of qualified property for the enterprise zone sales or use tax credit.
- 5. Make nonsubstantive technical changes.

SUMMARY OF AMENDMENT

The April 27, 1998, amendments resolved most of the department's technical considerations by accepting most of the amendments suggested in the department's analysis of the bill as introduced February 20, 1998. Except for the one remaining Technical Consideration, which is included below (#1), the department's analysis as introduced February 20, 1998, still applies. In addition, the April 27, 1998, amendments raise additional technical considerations, as discussed below.

Technical Considerations

This bill raises the following technical considerations:

- 1. SB 2023 (Stats. 1996, Ch. 955) replaced the reference in the enterprise zone hiring credit to the expired federal Targeted Jobs Tax Credit Program (TJTC) with the criteria of the TJTC program. Other economic development area hiring credits also have included the lengthy criteria of the expired TJTC program. However, the Local Agency Military Base Recovery Area (LAMBRA) hiring credit uses a much simpler method by referencing the TJTC program criteria and providing that those criteria shall apply regardless of whether the TJTC program is in effect. Recently, the federal work opportunity credit was enacted as a replacement of the expired TJTC program, and although some of the economic development area hiring credits were amended to reference the work opportunity credit (the LAMBRA credit still references the TJTC program), these credits were not amended to remove the expired TJTC criteria. Although retaining the numerous criteria in the credit provisions would ensure that the criteria would apply if the work opportunity credit expired, a better method would be to use the simple phrase used in the LAMBRA credit: "whether or nor this program is in effect."
- 2. Per discussions with the Trade and Commerce Agency, which is the bill's sponsor, the department understands that the bill inadvertently does not include provisions to modify the apportionment formula for the LAMBRA sales or use tax credits and the LAMBRA hiring credits. Amendments 3 and 10 would include these provisions.
- 3. Instead of the term "targeted tax area" this bill uses "targeted tax rate area" in a few places. Amendments 1, 2, and 6 would remove the word "rate."
- 4. For consistency with the other apportionment formula provisions in the bill, amendment 4 would remove the unnecessary phrase "described in paragraph (1)."
- 5. Amendments 5, 7, and 9 would remove a reference to Part 11. This reference is unnecessary since the code section in which it is contained is within Part 11.
- 6. Amendment 8 would replace the phrase "Manufacturing Enhancement Area" with the correct "targeted tax area."

Senate Bill 2079 (Costa) Amended April 27, 1998 Page 3

- 7. Amendment 11 would resolve a typographical error by removing the word "of."
- 8. Amendments 12 and 13 would replace the term LAMBRA with the correct "targeted tax area." $\,$
- 9. Amendment 14 would renumber a paragraph from (3) to (4).

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FRANCHISE TAX BOARD'S PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO SB 2079 As Amended April 27, 1998

AMENDMENT 1

On page 12, line 34, strikeout "rate".

AMENDMENT 2

On page 21, line 30, strikeout "rate".

AMENDMENT 3

On page 29, line 9, after "SEC. 7." insert:

Section 17053.45 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:

17053.45. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 2003, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax" (as defined by Section 17039) an amount equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the purchase of qualified property to the extent that the qualified property does not exceed a value of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).

- (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a taxpayer or partnership that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.
- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:

- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B), the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (3) "Qualified property" means the purchase of any of the following for exclusive use in a LAMBRA:
- (A) High technology equipment, including, but not limited to, computers and electronic processing equipment.
- (B) Aircraft maintenance equipment, including, but not limited to, engine stands, hydraulic mules, power carts, test equipment, handtools, aircraft start carts, and tugs.
- (C) Aircraft components, including, but not limited to, engines, fuel control units, hydraulic pumps, avionics, starts, wheels, and tires.
- (D) Any property that is Section 1245 property, as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The credit provided under subdivision (a) shall be allowed only for qualified property manufactured in California unless qualified property of a comparable quality and price is not available for timely purchase and delivery from a California manufacturer.
- (d) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "net tax" for the taxable year, that portion of the credit which exceeds the "net tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest taxable years possible.
- (e) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to increase the basis of the property as otherwise required by Section 164(a) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.
- (f) (1) The amount of credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 17053.46, including any credit carryover from prior years, that may reduce the "net tax" for the taxable year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined as if that attributable income represented all the income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.
- (2) The amount of attributed income described in paragraph (1) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101) of Part 11, modified for purposes of this section as follows:
- (A) Attributable income shall be that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state first shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101) of Part 11. That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17 of Part 11, modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).

- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the taxable year.
- (B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the taxable year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the taxable year.
 - (B) "The LAMBRA" shall be substituted for "this state."

(3)

- $\underline{(4)}$ The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding taxable years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "net tax" for the taxable year, as provided in subdivision (d).
- (g) (1) If the qualified property is disposed of or no longer used by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA, at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property is placed in service, the amount of the credit previously claimed, with respect to that property, shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year of that disposition or nonuse.
- (2) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's net tax for the taxpayer's second taxable year.
- (h) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit for qualified property pursuant to this section, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to that qualified property.
- (i) This section shall remain in effect only until December 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed. However, any unused credit may continue to be carried forward as provided in subdivision (d), until the credit is exhausted.
- (j) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- SEC. 8. Section 17053.46 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read:
- 17053.46. (a) For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 2003, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "net tax" (as defined in Section 17039) to a qualified taxpayer for hiring a qualified disadvantaged individual or a qualified displaced employee during the taxable year for employment in the LAMBRA. The credit shall be equal to the sum of each of the following:
 - (1) Fifty percent of the qualified wages in the first year of employment.
 - (2) Forty percent of the qualified wages in the second year of employment.
 - (3) Thirty percent of the qualified wages in the third year of employment.
 - (4) Twenty percent of the qualified wages in the fourth year of employment.
 - (5) Ten percent of the qualified wages in the fifth year of employment.
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Qualified wages" means:

- (A) That portion of wages paid or incurred by the employer during the taxable year to qualified disadvantaged individuals or qualified displaced employees that does not exceed 150 percent of the minimum wage.
- (B) The total amount of qualified wages which may be taken into account for purposes of claiming the credit allowed under this section shall not exceed two million dollars (\$2,000,000) per taxable year.
- (C) Wages received during the 60-month period beginning with the day the individual commences employment with the taxpayer.
- (2) "Minimum wage" means the wage established by the Industrial Welfare Commission as provided for in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1171) of Part 4 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- (3) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (4) "Qualified disadvantaged individual" means an individual who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (A) (i) At least 90 percent of whose services for the taxpayer during the taxable year are directly related to the conduct of the taxpayer's trade or business located in a LAMBRA.
- (ii) Who performs at least 50 percent of his or her services for the taxpayer during the taxable year in the LAMBRA.
- (B) Who is hired by the employer after the designation of the area as a LAMBRA in which the individual's services were primarily performed.
- (C) Who is any of the following immediately preceding the individual's commencement of employment with the taxpayer:
- (i) An individual who has been determined eligible for services under the federal Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1501 et seq.).
- (ii) Any voluntary or mandatory registrant under the Greater Avenues for Independence Act of 1985 as provided pursuant to Article 3.2 (commencing with Section 11320) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (iii) Any individual who has been certified eligible by the Employment Development Department under the federal Targeted Jobs Tax Credit Program whether or not this program is in effect.
- (5) "Qualified taxpayer" means a taxpayer or partnership that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA and, for the first two taxable years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second taxable year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the taxable year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.

- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B), the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the taxable year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (6) "Qualified displaced employee" means an individual who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (A) Any civilian or military employee of a base or former base who has been displaced as a result of a federal base closure act.
- (B) (i) At least 90 percent of whose services for the taxpayer during the taxable year are directly related to the conduct of the taxpayer's trade or business located in a LAMBRA.
- (ii) Who performs at least 50 percent of his or her services for the taxpayer during the taxable year in a LAMBRA.
- (C) Who is hired by the employer after the designation of the area in which services were performed as a LAMBRA.
 - (c) (1) For purposes of this section, both of the following apply:
- (A) All employees of trades or businesses that are under common control shall be treated as employed by a single employer.
- (B) The credit (if any) allowable by this section with respect to each trade or business shall be determined by reference to its proportionate share of the qualified wages giving rise to the credit.

The regulations prescribed under this paragraph shall be based on principles similar to the principles that apply in the case of controlled groups of corporations as specified in subdivision (e) of Section 23622.

- (2) If an employer acquires the major portion of a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the "predecessor") or the major portion of a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, then, for purposes of applying this section (other than subdivision (d)) for any calendar year ending after that acquisition, the employment relationship between an employee and an employer shall not be treated as terminated if the employee continues to be employed in that trade or business.
- (d) (1) If the employment of any employee, with respect to whom qualified wages are taken into account under subdivision (a) is terminated by the taxpayer at any time during the first 270 days of that employment (whether or not consecutive) or before the close of the 270th calendar day after the day in which that employee completes 90 days of employment with the taxpayer, the tax imposed by this part for the taxable year in which that employment is terminated shall be increased by an amount (determined under those regulations) equal to the credit allowed under subdivision (a) for that taxable year and all prior taxable years attributable to qualified wages paid or incurred with respect to that employee.
 - (2) (A) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any of the following:
- (i) A termination of employment of an employee who voluntarily leaves the employment of the taxpayer.
- (ii) A termination of employment of an individual who, before the close of the period referred to in paragraph (1), becomes disabled to perform the services

of that employment, unless that disability is removed before the close of that period and the taxpayer fails to offer reemployment to that individual.

- (iii) A termination of employment of an individual, if it is determined under the applicable employment compensation laws that the termination was due to the misconduct of that individual.
- (iv) A termination of employment of an individual due to a substantial reduction in the trade or business operations of the taxpayer.
- (v) A termination of employment of an individual, if that individual is replaced by other qualified employees so as to create a net increase in both the number of employees and the hours of employment.
- (B) For purposes of paragraph (1), the employment relationship between the taxpayer and an employee shall not be treated as terminated by reason of a mere change in the form of conducting the trade or business of the taxpayer, if the employee continues to be employed in that trade or business and the taxpayer retains a substantial interest in that trade or business.
- (3) Any increase in tax under paragraph (1) shall not be treated as tax imposed by this part for purposes of determining the amount of any credit allowable under this part.
- (4) At the close of the second taxable year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (5) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's net tax for the taxpayer's second taxable year.
 - (e) In the case of an estate or trust, both of the following apply:
- (1) The qualified wages for any taxable year shall be apportioned between the estate or trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the estate or trust allocable to each.
- (2) Any beneficiary to whom any qualified wages have been apportioned under paragraph (1) shall be treated (for purposes of this part) as the employer with respect to those wages.
- (f) The credit shall be reduced by the credit allowed under Section 17053.7. The credit shall also be reduced by the federal credit allowed under Section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition, any deduction otherwise allowed under this part for the wages or salaries paid or incurred by the taxpayer upon which the credit is based shall be reduced by the amount of the credit, prior to any reduction required by subdivision (g) or (h).

- (g) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "net tax" for the taxable year, that portion of the credit that exceeds the "net tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest taxable years possible.
- (h) (1) The amount of credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 17053.45, including prior year credit carryovers, that may reduce the "net tax" for the taxable year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined as if that attributed income represented all of the net income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.
- (2) The amount of attributed income described in paragraph (1) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101) of Part 11, modified for purposes of this section as follows:
- (A) Attributable income shall be that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the

taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state first shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101) of Part 11. That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17 of Part 11, modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).

- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying the total California business income of the taxpayer by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the taxable year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the taxable year.
- (B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the taxable year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the taxable year.
 - (B) "The LAMBRA" shall be substituted for "this state."

(3)

- $\underline{(4)}$ The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding taxable years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "net tax" for the taxable year, as provided in subdivision (g).
- (i) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit pursuant to this section for qualified wages paid or incurred, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to any wage consisting in whole or in part of those qualified wages.
- (j) This section shall remain in effect only until December 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed. However, any unused credit may continue to be carried forward as provided in subdivision (g), until the credit is exhausted.
- (k) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.

SEC. 9.

@@@@@LEG. COUNSEL: Please renumber remaining bill sections.

AMENDMENT 4

On page 75, line 20, strikeout "described in paragraph (1)".

AMENDMENT 5

On page 88, line 19, strikeout "of Part 11".

AMENDMENT 6

On page 92, line 2, strikeout "rate".

AMENDMENT 7

On page 92, line 4, strikeout "of Part 11".

AMENDMENT 8

On page 101, line 4, strikeout "Manufacturing Enhancement Area" and insert:

targeted tax area

AMENDMENT 9

On page 101, line 6, strikeout "of Part 11".

AMENDMENT 10

On page 109, line 38, strikeout "SEC. 16." and insert:

- SEC. 18. Section 23645 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 23645. (a) For each income year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 2003, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax" (as defined by Section 23036) for the income year an amount equal to the sales or use tax paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the purchase of qualified property to the extent that the qualified property does not exceed a value of twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000).
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
- (1) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (2) "Taxpayer" means a corporation that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA and, for the first two income years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the income year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second income year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the income year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.
- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:
- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.

- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees that are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a taxpayer who first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the income year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B) the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the income year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.
- (3) "Qualified property" means the purchase of any of the following for exclusive use in a LAMBRA:
- (A) High technology equipment, including, but not limited to, computers and electronic processing equipment.
- (B) Aircraft maintenance equipment, including, but not limited to, engine stands, hydraulic mules, power carts, test equipment, handtools, aircraft start carts, and tugs.
- (C) Aircraft components, including, but not limited to, engines, fuel control units, hydraulic pumps, avionics, starts, wheels, and tires.
- (D) Any property that is Section 1245 property, as defined in Section 1245(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) The credit provided under subdivision (a) shall only be allowed for qualified property manufactured in California unless qualified property of a comparable quality and price is not available for timely purchase and delivery from a California manufacturer.
- (d) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "tax" for the income year, that portion of the credit which exceeds the "tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest income years possible.
- (e) Any taxpayer who elects to be subject to this section shall not be entitled to increase the basis of the property as otherwise required by Section 164(a) of the Internal Revenue Code with respect to sales or use tax paid or incurred in connection with the purchase of qualified property.
- (f) (1) The amount of the credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 23646, including any credit carryovers from prior years, that may reduce the "tax" for the income year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined as if that attributable income represented all the income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.
- (2) The amount of attributable income described in paragraph (1) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101), modified for purposes of this section as follows:
- (A) Attributable income shall be that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state first shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101). That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17, modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying the total California business income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor, plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:

- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the income year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the income year.
- (B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the income year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the income year.
 - (B) "The LAMBRA" shall be substituted for "this state."

(3)

- $\underline{(4)}$ The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding income years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "tax" for the income year, as provided in subdivision (d).
- (g) (1) If the qualified property is disposed of or no longer used by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA, at any time before the close of the second taxable year after the property is placed in service, the amount of the credit previously claimed, with respect to that property, shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability in the taxable year of that disposition or nonuse.
- (2) At the close of the second income year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's tax for the taxpayer's second income year.
- (h) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit for qualified property pursuant to this section, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to that qualified property.
- (i) This section shall remain in effect only until December 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed. However, any unused credit may continue to be carried forward as provided in subdivision (d), until the credit is exhausted.
- (j) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision shall apply to income years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.
- SEC. 19. Section 23646 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is amended to read: 23646. (a) For each income year beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and before January 1, 2003, there shall be allowed as a credit against the "tax" (as defined in Section 23036) to a qualified taxpayer for hiring a qualified disadvantaged individual or a qualified displaced employee during the income year for employment in the LAMBRA. The credit shall be equal to the sum of each of the following:
 - (1) Fifty percent of the qualified wages in the first year of employment.
 - (2) Forty percent of the qualified wages in the second year of employment.
 - (3) Thirty percent of the qualified wages in the third year of employment.
 - (4) Twenty percent of the qualified wages in the fourth year of employment.
 - (5) Ten percent of the qualified wages in the fifth year of employment.
 - (b) For purposes of this section:
 - (1) "Qualified wages" means:
- (A) That portion of wages paid or incurred by the employer during the income year to qualified disadvantaged individuals or qualified displaced employees that does not exceed 150 percent of the minimum wage.
- (B) The total amount of qualified wages which may be taken into account for purposes of claiming the credit allowed under this section shall not exceed two million dollars (\$2,000,000) per income year.

- (C) Wages received during the 60-month period beginning with the day the individual commences employment with the taxpayer.
- (2) "Minimum wage" means the wage established by the Industrial Welfare Commission as provided for in Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 1171) of Part 4 of Division 2 of the Labor Code.
- (3) "LAMBRA" means a local agency military base recovery area designated in accordance with the provisions of Section 7114 of the Government Code.
- (4) "Qualified disadvantaged individual" means an individual who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (A) (i) At least 90 percent of whose services for the taxpayer during the income year are directly related to the conduct of the taxpayer's trade or business located in a LAMBRA.
- (ii) Who performs at least 50 percent of his or her services for the taxpayer during the income year in the LAMBRA.
- (B) Who is hired by the employer after the designation of the area as a LAMBRA in which the individual's services were primarily performed.
- (C) Who is any of the following immediately preceding the individual's commencement of employment with the taxpayer:
- (i) An individual who has been determined eligible for services under the federal Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. Sec. 1501 et seq.).
- (ii) Any voluntary or mandatory registrant under the Greater Avenues for Independence Act of 1985 provided for pursuant to Article 3.2 (commencing with Section 11320) of Chapter 2 of Part 3 of Division 9 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (iii) Any individual who has been certified eligible by the Employment Development Department under the federal Targeted Jobs Tax Credit Program whether or not this program is in effect.
- (5) "Qualified taxpayer" means a corporation that conducts a trade or business within a LAMBRA and, for the first two income years, has a net increase in jobs (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) of one or more employees as determined below in the LAMBRA.
- (A) The net increase in the number of jobs shall be determined by subtracting the total number of full-time employees (defined as 2,000 paid hours per employee per year) the taxpayer employed in this state in the income year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA from the total number of full-time employees the taxpayer employed in this state during the second income year after commencing business operations in the LAMBRA. For taxpayers who commence doing business in this state with their LAMBRA business operation, the number of employees for the income year prior to commencing business operations in the LAMBRA shall be zero. If the taxpayer has a net increase in jobs in the state, the credit shall be allowed only if one or more full-time employees is employed within the LAMBRA.
- (B) The total number of employees employed in the LAMBRA shall equal the sum of both of the following:
- (i) The total number of hours worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees (not to exceed 2,000 hours per employee) who are paid an hourly wage divided by 2,000.
- (ii) The total number of months worked in the LAMBRA for the taxpayer by employees who are salaried employees divided by 12.
- (C) In the case of a qualified taxpayer that first commences doing business in the LAMBRA during the income year, for purposes of clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (B) the divisors "2,000" and "12" shall be

multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months of the income year that the taxpayer was doing business in the LAMBRA and the denominator of which is 12.

- (6) "Qualified displaced employee" means an individual who satisfies all of the following requirements:
- (A) Any civilian or military employee of a base or former base that has been displaced as a result of a federal base closure act.
- (B) (i) At least 90 percent of whose services for the taxpayer during the income year are directly related to the conduct of the taxpayer's trade or business located in a LAMBRA.
- (ii) Who performs at least 50 percent of his or her services for the taxpayer during the income year in a LAMBRA.
- (C) Who is hired by the employer after the designation of the area in which services were performed as a LAMBRA.
 - (c) (1) For purposes of this section, both of the following apply:
- (A) All employees of all corporations that are members of the same controlled group of corporations shall be treated as employed by a single employer.
- (B) The credit (if any) allowable by this section to each member shall be determined by reference to its proportionate share of the qualified wages giving rise to the credit.
- (2) For purposes of this subdivision, "controlled group of corporations" has the meaning given to that term by Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that both of the following apply:
- (A) "More than 50 percent" shall be substituted for "at least 80 percent" each place it appears in Section 1563(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (B) The determination shall be made without regard to Section 1563(a)(4) and Section 1563(e)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) If an employer acquires the major portion of a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter in this paragraph referred to as the "predecessor") or the major portion of a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, then, for purposes of applying this section (other than subdivision (d)) for any calendar year ending after that acquisition, the employment relationship between an employee and an employer shall not be treated as terminated if the employee continues to be employed in that trade or business.
- (d) (1) If the employment of any employee with respect to whom qualified wages are taken into account under subdivision (a) is terminated by the taxpayer at any time during the first 270 days of that employment (whether or not consecutive) or before the close of the 270th calendar day after the day in which that employee completes 90 days of employment with the taxpayer, the tax imposed by this part for the income year in which that employment is terminated shall be increased by an amount equal to the credit allowed under subdivision (a) for that income year and all prior income years attributable to qualified wages paid or incurred with respect to that employee.
 - (2) (A) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to any of the following:
- (i) A termination of employment of an employee who voluntarily leaves the employment of the taxpayer.
- (ii) A termination of employment of an individual who, before the close of the period referred to in paragraph (1), becomes disabled to perform the services of that employment, unless that disability is removed before the close of that period and the taxpayer fails to offer reemployment to that individual.

- (iii) A termination of employment of an individual, if it is determined under the applicable unemployment compensation laws that the termination was due to the misconduct of that individual.
- (iv) A termination of employment of an individual due to a substantial reduction in the trade or business operations of the taxpayer.
- (v) A termination of employment of an individual, if that individual is replaced by other qualified employees so as to create a net increase in both the number of employees and the hours of employment.
- (B) For purposes of paragraph (1), the employment relationship between the taxpayer and an employee shall not be treated as terminated by either of the following:
- (i) A transaction to which Section 381(a) of the Internal Revenue Code applies, if the employee continues to be employed by the acquiring corporation.
- (ii) A mere change in the form of conducting the trade or business of the taxpayer, if the employee continues to be employed in that trade or business and the taxpayer retains a substantial interest in that trade or business.
- (3) Any increase in tax under paragraph (1) shall not be treated as tax imposed by this part for purposes of determining the amount of any credit allowable under this part.
- (4) At the close of the second income year, if the taxpayer has not increased the number of its employees as determined by paragraph (5) of subdivision (b), then the amount of the credit previously claimed shall be added to the taxpayer's tax for the taxpayer's second income year.
- (e) In the case of an organization to which Section 593 of the Internal Revenue Code applies, and a regulated investment company or a real estate investment trust subject to taxation under this part, rules similar to the rules provided in Section 46(e) and Section 46(h) of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply.
- (f) The credit shall be reduced by the credit allowed under Section 23621. The credit shall also be reduced by the federal credit allowed under Section 51 of the Internal Revenue Code.

In addition, any deduction otherwise allowed under this part for the wages or salaries paid or incurred by the taxpayer upon which the credit is based shall be reduced by the amount of the credit, prior to any reduction required by subdivision (g) or (h).

- (g) In the case where the credit otherwise allowed under this section exceeds the "tax" for the income year, that portion of the credit that exceeds the "tax" may be carried over and added to the credit, if any, in succeeding years, until the credit is exhausted. The credit shall be applied first to the earliest income years possible.
- (h) (1) The amount of credit otherwise allowed under this section and Section 23645, including any prior year carryovers, that may reduce the "tax" for the income year shall not exceed the amount of tax that would be imposed on the taxpayer's business income attributed to a LAMBRA determined as if that attributed income represented all of the income of the taxpayer subject to tax under this part.
- (2) The amount of attributed income described in paragraph (1) shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101), modified for purposes of this section as follows:
- (A) Attributable income shall be that portion of the taxpayer's California source business income that is apportioned to the LAMBRA. For that purpose, the taxpayer's business income that is attributable to sources in this state first

- shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 17 (commencing with Section 25101). That business income shall be further apportioned to the LAMBRA in accordance with Article 2 (commencing with Section 25120) of Chapter 17, modified for purposes of this section in accordance with paragraph (3).
- (3) Income shall be apportioned to a LAMBRA by multiplying total business income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor, and the denominator of which is two. For purposes of this paragraph:
- (A) The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in the LAMBRA during the income year, and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the income year.
- (B) The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid by the taxpayer in the LAMBRA during the income year for compensation, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the taxpayer in this state during the income year.
 - (B) "The LAMBRA" shall be substituted for "this state."

(3)

- $\underline{(4)}$ The portion of any credit remaining, if any, after application of this subdivision, shall be carried over to succeeding income years, as if it were an amount exceeding the "tax" for the income year, as provided in subdivision (g).
- (i) If the taxpayer is allowed a credit pursuant to this section for qualified wages paid or incurred, only one credit shall be allowed to the taxpayer under this part with respect to any wage consisting in whole or in part of those qualified wages.
- (j) This section shall remain in effect only until December 1, 2003, and as of that date is repealed. However, any unused credit may continue to be carried over as provided in subdivision (g), until the credit is exhausted.
- (k) The amendments made to this section by the act adding this subdivision shall apply to income years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.

SEC. 20.

@@@@@LEG COUNSEL: Please renumber remaining bill sections.

AMENDMENT 11

On page 111, line 5, strikeout the second "of".

AMENDMENT 12

On page 119, line 18, strikeout "LAMBRA" and insert:

targeted tax area

AMENDMENT 13

On page 119, line 24, strikeout "LAMBRA" and insert:

targeted tax area

AMENDMENT 14

On page 119, line 37, strikeout "(3)" and insert:

(4)